Laboratory Standards and Procedures Workgroup

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Laboratory Standards and Procedures Workgroup Members

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 What are successes and challenges around NBS laboratories in implementing conditions added to the RUSP?

 What issues/factors contribute to the variability of implementation status of conditions added to the RUSP across the states?

 What are potential solutions or resources around laboratory standards and procedures that can address these issues/factors?

- What are successes and challenges around NBS laboratories in implementing conditions added to the RUSP?
 - Authority to screen
 - Legislation ← time for these processes not captured in the survey
 - Administrative rules +
 - Agency/advisory committee
 - Competing program initiatives or public health priorities
 - Limitation in how much more DBS there is for future tests

- What are successes and challenges around NBS laboratories in implementing conditions added to the RUSP?
 - Funding and costs associated with implementation
 - Lack of success in applications to obtain funding
 - Lack of staff or space
 - Access to + establishing relationships with specialists/treatment in state, genetic counseling
 - Waiting for contract laboratory to get the screening test
 - Whether tests can be multiplexed with current NBS tests

- What issues/factors contribute to the variability of implementation status of conditions added to the RUSP across the states?
 - Technical expertise for test development, validation
 - Adding analyte to FDA cleared test → LDT
 - Condition not meeting state's criteria for screening
 - Lack of clear cost-benefit (a need for some states)
 - High number of false positives (need to bring on second tier test)
 - How states assess certainty of screening certainty can come from factors such as results from a large pilot study

- What are potential solutions or resources around laboratory standards and procedures that can address these issues/factors?
 - Ability to multiplex with existing conditions on panel
 - Not always the optimal choice for each analyte
 - Having infrastructure/expertise in place (instruments/people)
 - Having well-defined protocols
 - Technical team from CDC that can help labs implement/ troubleshoot new tests
 - Having an FDA cleared kit

- What are potential solutions or resources around laboratory standards and procedures that can address these issues/factors?
 - A champion / project manager in the program that can usher the addition of the test from beginning to end
 - Funding associated with implementation (e.g. seed funding)
 - Entity that could help states put together more robust grant applications (e.g. grant writing training)
 - Strong relationships, communication and expertise from staff, medical professionals and partners
 - Tests using other specimen types (urine, saliva)

- What are potential solutions or resources around laboratory standards and procedures that can address these issues/factors?
 - Convening stakeholders to provide input on factors to consider for new tests, e.g., acceptable false positive rate relative to true positive rate
 - CDC developing tools for states using NGS in screening protocol
 - Improving sensitivity of tests, so a smaller punch might be used
 - Different way to classify a state that assesses a condition according to their criteria and decides not to add it to their panel at that time
 - Communicating and sharing insight from NBS programs who are screening
 - Staff attending national trainings