Improving Infant and Maternal Health Outcomes For The Advisory Committee on Infant and Maternal Mortality

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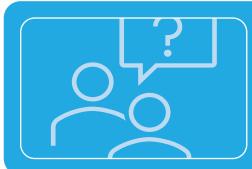
ABOUT NFPRHA



Non-partisan, nonprofit membership association that supports the work of family planning providers and administrators



A leading expert in publicly funded family planning; provides subject matter expertise



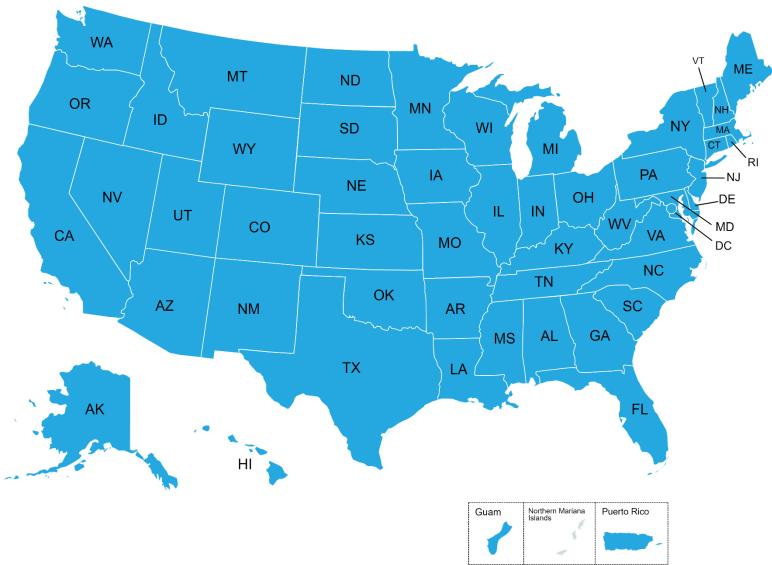
Offers members capacity-building support aimed at maximizing effectiveness and sustainability

WHO ARE NFPRHA MEMBERS?

Family Planning Councils State Health Departments Planned Parenthood Affiliates Private, Not-for-profit Agencies Federally Qualified Health Centers City and County Health Departments Medicaid Family Planning Administrators

BY THE NUMBERS

NFPRHA has nearly 1,000 members throughout 50 states, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and Guam.



American Samoa United States Virgin Islands

Improving Infant and Maternal Health Outcomes

- Bicillin Shortage
- Extending Medicaid Postpartum Coverage
- Advancing Health Equity



Bicillin Shortage

Bicillin is the only recommended treatment for pregnant people with syphilis and preventing congenital syphilis.

- With the rise of syphilis and congenital syphilis, Bicillin has to be prioritized to these populations.
- CDC reported that in Mississippi, infant hospitalization with congenital syphilis has spiked by 1,000% from 2016 to 2022.
- We are working with members in North Dakota who have already started to become affected by the shortage.

Staneva, M., Hobbs, C. V., & Dobbs, T. (2023). Spike in Congenital Syphilis, Mississippi, USA, 2016–2022. *Emerging Infectious Diseases, 29*(10), 1965-1972. https://doi.org/10.3201/eid2910.230421.

Extend Medicaid Postpartum Coverage

NFPRHA believes that states should be required to extend Medicaid coverage to beneficiaries 12 months postpartum.

- All people should have access to high-quality, confidential, and affordable health services they need to thrive during and after pregnancy, including prenatal, obstetric, and postpartum care that supports individual autonomy and decision-making.
- No one should have to face a loss of health insurance coverage after childbirth, particularly people with low or no incomes who experience a variety of barriers to accessing care.
- Black and Indigenous people experience, respectively, three and two times the rates of pregnancy-related deaths than white women in the United States, in part due to the implicit and explicit bias of their health care providers and service delivery systems.

Advance Health Equity

NFPRHA Health Equity Tool:

- Developing resources and an assessment tool for family planning providers to use when analyzing
 gaps in service or evaluating activities intended to promote health equity.
- These resources are intended to support family planning providers as they conduct community needs assessments, program design and data collection, and seek to strengthen partnerships between the family planning network and collaborative organizations in their communities.
 - The resources include community and culturally specific interventions and policy and structural interventions that aim address barriers to care.
- NFPRHA will encourage our members to evaluate their organization's programs and policies to address structural racism, health inequities, and building healthy relationships and trust with their patients.

THANK YOU



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